

# Year 9 spring 2 Computing: Physical computing

A) Key knowledge		B) Key knowledge		C) Key knowledge		D) Key knowledge	
<b>Buttons: input</b>	Capture user input to make things happen	<b>Compass: input</b>	Find magnetic north or measure the strength of magnetic fields	<b>The flash button</b>	The <b>Flash button</b> translates your program and transfers it to the micro:bit.	<b>.read_digital()</b>	The read_digital method returns either 0 or 1, depending on the voltage detected on the pin.
<b>LED display: output</b>	Show pictures, words, and numbers	<b>Accelerometer: input</b>	Detect gestures and measure movement in 3 dimensions	<b>Randint</b>	The randint function, imported from the random module, returns a random integer within a specified range	<b>.write_digital()</b>	The write_digital method turns the voltage on the pin on or off, depending on the value of its argument, which can be either 0 or 1.
<b>Light sensor: input</b>	Measure how much light is falling on the micro:bit	<b>Radio: communication i/o</b>	Communicate with micro:bits and other devices	<b>The condition in the while loop</b>	The condition in the while loop is always True: the statements in the while block will be repeated forever	<b>radio.receive()</b>	The receive method returns the next incoming message on the message queue. It returns None if there are no pending messages.
<b>GPIO pins: input and output</b>	Connect headphones, sense touch, and add other electronics	<b>Display</b>	display represents the micro:bit's 5x5 LED display.	<b>.read_light_level()</b>	.read_light_level() returns a value that is assigned to the light variable.	<b>Decompose</b>	Break down your project into smaller tasks. If possible, work on them in parallel.
<b>Temperature sensor: input</b>	Measure how warm the environment is	<b>Scroll</b>	scroll is an action you can perform on the display.	<b>GPIO</b>	<b>GPIO</b> means <b>General-Purpose Input Output</b>	<b>Test often</b>	Whenever you make changes, test thoroughly. Only move on to the next step when you are sure what you have so far works.
<b>Homework:</b> How does a mobile computer receive input and provide output?		<b>Homework:</b> Describe any communication component on the micro:bit that allows it to communicate with other devices.		<b>Homework:</b> Describe a possible micro:bit project in three sentences.		<b>Homework:</b> Describe the difference between = and == in Python.	