

History Year 8



Section A – Timeline on Interwar Years 1919 - 1933

1918 End of WW1.	1919 Treaty of Versailles signed.	1920 Roaring 1920's begins.	1920 Hitler joins the Nazi Party.	1922 Mussolini leader of Italy marches into Rome and takes over Italy.	1923 Stalin leader of Russia (USSR) takes over the country.	1923 The Beer Hall/ Munich Putsch.	1924 Hitler in jail, writes his book Mein Kampf.	1929 Wall Street Crash & the Great Depression.	1933 Hitler becomes Chancellor of Germany.
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Section B: Key people

1. Joseph Stalin	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> A cruel dictator and leader of Russia. He killed over 20 million people from his own country and tortured, starved and imprisoned millions more.
2. Adolf Hitler	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> A dictator during the 20th century, responsible for starting WW2 and the genocide of the Holocaust. A soldier during WW1, who took Germany's defeat personally.
3. Benito Mussolini.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> A ruthless dictator and Prime Minister of Italy between 1922-43. Leader of the Fascist party.

Section C: Key Events

1. Roaring 1920's.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Neville Chamberlain (British Prime Minister) followed this policy. He allowed Hitler to have whatever he wanted in order to avoid arguments and another war. Hoping that eventually Hitler would stop. Unfortunately appeasement didn't work.
2. Wall Street Crash	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The bloodiest battle in WW1 symbolising the horrors of war. On the first day there were 57,000 British casualties.
3. Munich Putsch.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Large numbers of women were recruited to work in the factories and farms, whilst the men went to fight. Many women were working for the first time, by 1918, 5 million women were working.
4. Communist takeover of Russia.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The Russian Revolution was a pair of revolutions in Russia in 1917 which dismantled the Tsarist autocracy and led to the rise of the Soviet Union. The Russian Empire collapsed with the abdication of Emperor Nicholas II and the old regime was replaced.

Section D: Key words

1. Democracy	A system of government by the whole population which elects their own government.
2.Dictatorship	A country rule by one person without any elections and undemocratic rule.
3. Communism	A system in which all property is owned by the community and each person contributes and receives according to their ability and needs.
4. Nazism	Nazism (or National Socialism; German) is a set of political beliefs associated with the Nazi Party of Germany.
5. Mein Kampf	Is an autobiographical book written in 1925 by Nazi Party leader, Adolf Hitler.
6. Fuhrer	A cruel and tyrannical leader.
7. S.A	A million-man-strong paramilitary band of street thugs, the brown-shirted Storm Troopers, or SA.
8. S.S	The Schutzstaffel (SS) literally "Protection Squadron") was a major paramilitary organization under Adolf Hitler and the Nazi's.

Section E

Sources in WW1 & Interwar years – Arguments For & Against.

- There were many opinion on how Germany should be punished after WW1. Some said the Treaty of Versailles was fair, others said it was unfair.
- The Roaring 1920's was one long party. But were they for everyone? Did everyone during the 1920's benefit from them or not?
- Hitler became the powerful leader of Germany in 1933. Many people have argued this was the case because Luck was the main reason. To what extent do you agree?
- The Nazi's were very popular during the interwar years in Germany. Was everyone living in Nazi Germany at the time treated fairly or not?

Section F

Homework - Read/Cover/Write and Self –Mark.

- Read/Cover/Write and self-mark the key words and meanings in Section D.
- Learn/Cover/Write and self-mark the timeline in Section A.
- Read/Cover/Write and self-mark the Key Events in Section C.
- Read/Cover/Write and self-mark the Key people in Section B.

Extension – Read/Cover /Write the arguments for and against 2 of the points in the sources section.